

FOREIGN NEWS.



ARRIVAL OF THE CITY OF BALTIMORE.

New York, March 1.—2 A. M. The screw steamship City of Baltimore, Capt. Leitch, which sailed from Liverpool at about 10.30 A. M. Feb. 16, arrived at this port at 2 o'clock this morning.

The steamer Europa arrived out at Liverpool at 8.20 P. M. on the 14th. Steamer Jura, which was to have left Liverpool simultaneously with the Canada, anchored in the Mersey for the night, owing to fog, and was run into by the Dublin steamer.

She lost figure head, cutwater, etc., and had to be docked. Her cargo was not damaged, and it was expected she would sail on the 19th.

There has been a debate in the House of Lords on the right of search question.

Malansbury and the code of instructions for the suppression of the slave trade agreed to by England and France had been submitted to the United States.

D'Israeli had promised to bring forward the Reform bill on the 25th of February. He also announced that the government would not give an unconditional guarantee to the Atlantic or any other submarine telegraph.

Lord Stanley's Indian finance statement shows losses of £2,000,000 sterling. Another loan of £7,000,000 will be required for the prosecution of the India war. The naval estimates are only increased about £1,000,000.

War rumors continue, but they are getting less plentiful.

The Paris Bourse had been comparatively steady, but on the 15th declined 65 under disquieting rumors. Three closed at 67 1/2, 68 1/2, 67 1/2.

It is reported that in the event of war, Napoleon is preparing to take the field in person.

The French budget shows an increased expenditure of 20,500,000 francs. The estimated increase of revenue is 43,000,000.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

ARRIVAL OF THE MISSOURI.

TELEGRAPH IN CHIEF—IMPORTANT FROM CALIFORNIA.

New York, Feb. 27. The steamship Illinois arrived at noon with the California mail of the 5th inst. and \$1,205,000 in treasure.

The United States ship of war Saratoga sailed from Aspinwall 14th for Vera Cruz, and the St. Louis at the same time for Greytown.

The California news has been mainly anti-slavery.

Collector Sutherland of Sacramento, formerly of Philadelphia, died on the 24 inst.

A resolution was to be introduced in the Legislature, requesting Senator Gwin to resign, on the ground that in his bill providing for the letting of ocean mail interests, he has violated the instruction of the Legislature, passed last year.

Gen. Clarke has determined on a vigorous campaign against the Mohave and Padsuch Indians.

The Panama Star confirms the reported signing of the Ouseley English and Nicaragua treaty, and says the Cass Yrresari treaty has not been acted on by the Nicaraguan Congress.

A correspondent says the former contains clauses likely to be offensive to the American government.

Valparaiso dates are of Jan. 16. Revolution was imminent. The police at Copapo had revolted, and completely overthrew the government officers, without bloodshed.

Troops had started for Copapo Coquimbo, and the latter place, as also Caldera, were to be put under blockade till the difficulties are terminated.

The feeling at Valparaiso is decidedly in favor of the government, the influence of the foreigners resident operating as a check on the malcontents. The government is apprehensive of the South, as the opposition there have arms and ammunition.

The whole republic, except Valderia and Chiloe, are now officially announced as under a state of siege. Concepcion is to be blockaded as soon as possible.

The province of Maule is reported to have pronounced against the Government.

Sardwich Islands dates are of Jan. 22. Everything was quiet. The French Minister had suspended diplomatic relations in consequence of the refusal of the government to give damages for the imprisonment and brutal treatment of a French subject.

The Bethel Courier.

BETHEL, FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1859.

REGISTER OF DEATHS of residents in the village at Bethel Hill, from March 1st, 1858, to March 1st, 1859.

Whole number of deaths, including eleven years.	34.
Between 4 and 14.	2.
" 14 and 20.	5.
" 20 and 30.	7.
over 30, the oldest 94.	7.
married females.	5.
" males.	4.
transient residents mostly connected with building R. R.	5.
Died of consumption.	3.
" typhoid fever.	2.
" congestion of lungs.	1.
" typhoid pneumonia.	1.
" inflammation of bowels.	2.
" brain fever.	1.
" cancer.	2.
" erysipelas.	1.
" old age.	3.

Average no. of deaths per year, 3.

Average no. inhabitants for eleven years, estimated, 300.

Percentage of deaths, 1.

Average no. per year between the ages of 4 and 35, 1.

No death by accident has occurred in the town for eleven years.

A noticeable fact is the small number of deaths by Pulmonary Consumption and Typhoid Fever, only three of the former and two of the latter in eleven years, in an average population of 300, which we think is actually below the true number.

Only two among the permanent resident male heads of families, Wm. Frye, Esq., and Dea. Robbins Brown, have died in that term.

Another noticeable fact is the small amount of Scrofulous disease in this village, compared with that on the seaboard.

The whole number of families now in the village is 115.

No. of voters about 135.

Population, estimated, 575.

March 1st, 1859. N. T. T.

MUSICAL.

A Musical Convention and Teachers' Club was held at New Gloucester, during the week commencing Feb. 11th, under the direction of E. C. Farrington, assisted by E. A. Blanchard, of Cumberland, as Pianist which resulted in a permanent organization under the name of "The Cumberland Co. Musical Association."

Two Concerts were given, one on Tuesday and the other on Friday evening.

At the first, miscellaneous music was sung, and at the second, the "Oratorio of Daniel."

Both were listened to by a large and appreciative audience. Considerable musical talent was there from abroad, among which were members of the "Cumberland Glee Club," and a Mrs. Grant, of Paris, who by the silvery sweetness of her voice, added much to the entertainment.

A. M. Loring of Lewiston, diversified the entertainment of Thursday eve. by dramatic recitations, which were well received.

Mr. F's reputation as a Musician, and Director, is already established, and his very presence seems to breathe the spirit of Song!

The intense interest which was manifested throughout the whole session of this Convention, is only another proof of his merited popularity.

N. T. T.

We have received the March No. of the *MAINE TRADER*. It is Edited by Hon. M. H. Dannel, the State Supt. of Common Schools, and will be a blessing to every teacher who takes it. A dollar a year expended for it, will add to any respectable teacher's ability to secure more than one dollar a month additional to his present wages at the end of the year.

When we taught primary schools, we thought, that, if we caught one really valuable idea from such a publication, which made us a better teacher, we had made an excellent investment.

N. T. T.

P. S. Mayville Village.—Your answer came too late for insertion in its proper place.

THE SICKLES AND KEY TRAGEDY.

The general details of the terrible tragedy at Washington, are given below. The Boston Journal gives some additional particulars, and says:—"for months past the social world of Washington, always as quick to relish the details of private scandal as it is lax in its judgments of those by whom such scandal may be caused, has been busy with the names of Mrs. Sickles and Mr. Key. Their intimacy was of that marked and peculiar kind which may perfectly well exist in the innocence of any absolute guilt, since while it was open to public observation, it was hardly concealed from Mr. Sickles himself."

During the whole of the last session of Congress the tall figure of Mr. Key was constantly to be seen in President's Square, opposite Mr. Sickles' Washington residence; and Mrs. Sickles was as constantly in his company at all places of public entertainment. In the interval of the Congressional recess, Mr. Key made a short visit to New York, still without exciting any absolute suspicion of positive impropriety in the mind of Mr. Sickles; although other friends of the unhappy lady, and among them her mother, repeatedly warned her of the fatal precipice on the brink of which she was permitting herself to trifle. It was hoped that the affair would come to an end of itself, and that one or both of the parties most nearly implicated, would perceive the real drift of their conduct in time to avoid its almost inevitable consequences.

But on the re-assembling of Congress, and the return of Mrs. Sickles to Washington, Mr. Key's attentions, and the scandal consequent upon them, were revived with greater ardor than before. It was but on Tuesday last, (so swift and fearful a dream does the whole story seem,) that, on visiting Mrs. Sickles, Tuesday being her day of reception, we found Mr. Key there, his horse waiting for him at the door. The rooms were filled with a pleasant company; the soft Spring sunlight poured in at the open windows; and Mrs. Sickles herself in all her almost girlish beauty, wearing a bouquet of *crocuses*, the firstlings of the year, seemed the very incarnation of Spring and youth, and the beautiful promise of life. What is the twilight; what the house that then was the synonym of hospitality, the most frank and generous and easy!

In the early part of the week before last Mr. Sickles went on to New York. During his absence the busy spies of society observed that the attendance of Mr. Key at his house was even more unremitting than usual. Mr. Sickles returned to Washington on the morning of the day of the Napier Ball, and from that time up to Friday last nothing occurred to make the matter of his wife's relations with Mr. Key more than ordinarily prominent in his mind. So far was he from manifesting anything like inordinate or tyrannical suspicion, that he allowed Mr. Key to escort Mrs. Sickles as usual on Pennsylvania Avenue, and saw them, in company with Mr. Henry Wilcox, at the theatre, on Wednesday night. On Thursday, Mr. and Mrs. Sickles entertained a large party at dinner. Over that gay and brilliant company how near and fearful a doom impended!

On the next day—the day before yesterday—Mr. Sickles received, from some enemy of mankind, an anonymous letter, stating with precision so minute as to make suspicion imperative, that Mr. Key had rented a house on Fifteenth street, above K street, from a negro woman, and that he was in the habit of meeting Mrs. Sickles there two or three times a week or oftener. The person and dress of Mrs. Sickles were accurately described, and the usual time of the interview specified. Accompanied by a friend, Mr. Sickles went to the house designated and found every statement of the anonymous writer corroborated. Mr. Key had taken the house, and he had constantly met

there a lady answering very closely in description to Mrs. Sickles.

Mr. Sickles still clung to the hope that the person who had stooped to the baseness of making such charges under the veil of secrecy, might have thoroughly deceived him, and that Mrs. Sickles was not the lady in question. He accordingly requested his friend, Mr. George Woodbridge of New York, to watch the place from the window of a house just opposite.

On Saturday no meeting took place and the woman in charge seemed to have stated that none had occurred since Wednesday.

On Saturday evening, Mr. Sickles resolved no longer to play the spy upon his honor, determined to confront his wife directly with his terrible suspicions. At first Mrs. Sickles strongly denied her guilt, but on her husband's asking her whether, on the Wednesday previous she had not entered the house on Fifteenth street, in a certain particular dress, and concealed by a hood, she cried out, "I am betrayed and lost!" and swooned away.

On recovering her senses, she admitted her guilt, and besought mercy and pardon. Mr. Sickles calmly said he would not injure her, since he believed her the victim of a seconded, but that he had a right to a full confession. Two ladies in the house were sent for as witnesses, and in their presence Mrs. Sickles made a full confession in writing.

"The parties involved in this sad story all lived within the immediate circle of our daily Washington life; two, at least, of them being also as well known in New York as in the Federal Metropolis. Key was about forty-two years of age, tall in stature, about six feet, with an easy and fashionable style, but by no means possessing in appearance otherwise. His face had a sickly hue, and he had been for some time suffering from heart disease, or imagined he was, which gave him a sad and disconcerted look. Otherwise he was extremely popular, and those who knew him best said his eccentricities of manner covered a very kind and generous heart. His father, Francis S. Key, was the author of the national song, the "Star Spangled Banner." He was a widower with four children. On his marriage he narrowly escaped a duel with Colonel May, who had conceived that he had unfairly ousted him from the affections of the lady who became his wife, and who was a beautiful and charming woman.

Mr. Sickles, the member for the Third District of New York, is a native of this city, and was originally a printer by occupation. He is a man of nearly forty years of age. In 1835, Mr. Sickles was married to his wife, now ruined and heart-broken, then a young girl fresh from her school life, and remarkable then as now for something especially soft, lovely and youthful in the type of her very peculiar beauty. She is of Italian origin, and possesses all the Italian lustre and depth of eye, united with a singular candor and delicacy of feature.

Popular sympathy, as usual in such cases, is almost unanimously with Mr. Sickles, the provocation being deemed ample justification for the deed, and when the facts as yet unknown come to be developed, this feeling will grow stronger, and read a fearful lesson to those who may attempt to invade the honor and happiness of another's home.

Key left no property. His family connections it is understood are able, and will provide for his children. Some of Key's friends intimate threats of summary vengeance against Sickles if he appears in public where they can reach him."

The New York Evening Post in commenting upon the various reports, says:—

"The provocation which Sickles alleges was the criminal intimacy of Key with his wife. The friends of Key, it is said, deny the charge; but the accounts from Washington affirm that Mrs. Sickles has fully acknowledged her guilt. We should not won-

der if this were true. Mrs. Sickles was married to her husband at a time when she was not yet out of her girlhood, and she is even now but twenty-two years of age. The character of the husband too often corrupts that of the wife, particularly at the impressionable period of early youth. 'Curse' it is said in the old proverb, 'come home to roost;' and so, it may be said with equal truth, do adulteries morals should also have acquired the philosophy of the class to which he belongs. It ill became him, who is so careless of his own conduct, to set on foot investigations into the morals of others, and to avenge a false step with death. No matter how nearly the offense touched him, he should have treated it as he treated criminal intrigues of the same nature in which his own wife was not connected, as a trifling jest, as a thing to be passed off with a sly allusion and a knowing look—in short, as something which the adulterous intriguer was welcome to chronicle among his triumphs.

The manslaughter does not seem to have acted on the prompting of any sudden impulse but to have perpetrated the deed with entire premeditation. He is represented as talking of the 'dishonor' that had been done him, a term of strange sound when uttered by such a man. It is very likely that the desire of distinguishing himself by a deed of startling theatrical effect had some place in his motives.

Bowdoin College, March 1.

At the recent election of the Freshman class the following officers were appointed:

President—S. W. Parsons.

Vice President—J. D. E. Kinsie.

Orator—C. P. Matthews.

Play—F. N. H. H. H.

Secretary—J. H. Verill.

Com. on Chas.—A. H. Linscott.

W. M. Jenkins, T. W. Bradbury.

Gen. Com.—M. Smith, W. R. Woodside, C. H. Shaw.

This election, occurring annually, is a matter of especial interest, as well to all the members of college, as those of the Freshman class. It is one of those college institutions, which, considering its effects generally, were better done away with. It divides the members of the College, and so strongly are the lines drawn that feelings are aroused which it is preferable should lie dormant.

SEWING MACHINES.—Messrs. Grover & Baker manufactured and sold in 1858 fourteen thousand sewing machines, and more of their \$100 machines than of any other kind. Messrs. Wheeler & Wilson sold during the last three months 4,700 machines, and are now selling one hundred per day. In the business of this single house there is over a half million of dollars invested.

Messrs. I. M. Singer & Co. sell about three hundred and fifty machines weekly. These are leading houses engaged in the business.

A LITERARY ENTERPRISE HONORABLY CONDUCTED.—It is stated that G. G. Evans & Co., of Boston, during the year 1858, distributed among their patrons over \$150,000 worth of Gifts, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Jewelry, and other Gifts of intrinsic value. Mr. Evans being the originator of the Gift business, has distanced all competition, lived down all opposition, and is endorsed by all the leading publishing houses in the United States. See their advertisement in another column.

Hallan, the Historian, died the 22d of January aged 81 years.

ITEMS.

The British government have presented to Captain Henry Lunt, of the American ship *Amelia*, of Charleston, S. C., a telescope, in acknowledgment of the kindness displayed in rescuing at considerable risk, the crew of the *Orrell*, of Bridgewater, which was found waterlogged at sea on the 18th of November last, and for supplying them with clothing and other necessities.

It has been ascertained that the individual who coolly entered the New Haven Bank about six months ago, during business hours, and stole \$2300 with which he escaped, is a young man who is now incarcerated in Sing Sing Prison, for larceny in New York city. He attempted a similar financial movement at Baltimore, but was detected. He got off, however, on straw bail, but only to fall into the clutches of the law in New York.

Thirteen liquor sellers, who had made ineffectual appeals in the Supreme Court, have been sentenced by the Essex Court of Common Pleas to pay fines of various amounts, and to be incarcerated for various periods in the house of correction. Ten other individuals, tried at the present term for the same offense, received like sentences.

The Milford Auxiliary Bible Society has canvassed that town during the last year, visiting over 16,000 in the state in their report that no Protestant family of foreign birth was found without a Bible, most of them having copies that they brought with them from their native lands. This is a fact worthy of special notice.

John Perry said the Albany *Evening Journal* for the moderate sum of \$1,500,000 for alleged libels; but the jury failed to see the point of the joke, and told Mr. Perry he must not only do without the dimes, but pay the costs of prosecution. A good lesson for litigious individuals.

Mrs. Busby, the colored woman who was recently cut down with a ax by her daughter, in Elizabeth street, New York, was able to appear in court on Thursday, although still very weak. She made an affidavit charging her daughter and Maria with the attempt to murder her.

A bill has passed the House of Representatives of Ohio, making sedition a petty offense. As the law now is, the only penalty on conviction of this crime is the payment of such pecuniary recompense as may be rewarded by the jury.

The Macbrough property in the First District of New Orleans, belonging to that city, was recently sold at auction for \$250,000, or \$50,000 more than its estimated value when the property was divided between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Mr. James W. Hoyt, Collector for the town of Walkill, N. Y., has attached, and offers for sale, "A pair of Bloomer Pants," the property of Mrs. Dr. Lydia Sayer Hasbrouck, in satisfaction for taxes due said town by the lady doctor.

The religious influence pertaining the congregation of the Methodist church on William street, Baltimore, on Sunday last, was such that the services were protracted from 11 o'clock in the forenoon till 5 in the afternoon.

Peel's famous painting, the "Court of Death," has been purchased by a western speculator for \$20,000. He intends to have it engraved and the engravings colored, and one hundred thousand copies sold at one dollar each.

Two Germans were arrested in New York, on Saturday, while attempting to pass counterfeit \$3's on the Spicket Fall Bank of Methuen, Mass.

The Senate of Missouri have appropriated \$2000 to the Mount Vernon Fund. The vote was unanimous.

A concert, given at Salem last week by Mr. Fenollosa, realized \$232.25 for the Mount Vernon Fund.

There are but sixty-one newspapers published in Georgia.

The Bethel Courier.

MAILS.

Mails close as follows:—
To Portland, 10 A. M.
To Island Pond, 10 A. M.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.
Morning train leaves Bethel for Portland at 10:15 A. M. Returning—arrives at Bethel at 1:25 P. M.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.
Every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M. in the following churches:
First Congregationalist, Rev. Mr. Smith.
Universalist, Rev. Mr. Jones.

MEETINGS FOR PRAYER.
Sunday evenings at 6 o'clock, at the Bible Class. Tuesday evenings, 7 o'clock, at the Sunday School.

Wm. Gould's Academy opened Tuesday, of this week, with 15 scholars. This prospect is a number will soon be increased limits of the building.

The U. B. Society organized afternoon.

President—C. N. Childs, F. A. Ten.

Treasurer—E. Foster, Newry.

Secretary—A. H. Faxon, Rev. Treasurer and Librarian—

Trans.

We have received from Oliver Goodland, of Harrison, (with the privilege of no sales) for making the washing pound, a good good article. We intend to have it made into a washing machine, and use it in every family. It can be prepared for 25 cents, year, in sufficient quantity for washing of a large family, and good upon all kinds of fabrics. Mr. Goodland has a few samples in rights of which can be had for \$1.00.

Readers will notice in our columns the advertisement of E. K. Fisher, Esq., Teacher in Fair Drawing, &c. We have not seen any specimens, but have in her very highly spoken of.

An exchange relation typographical mistake of a letter, our last paper will neither be paid with us, and we will not things "straight as a boy's leg" before it.

Friend T. W. all across the way, always, there is a one is a grey. Finding as in this predicament the other evening, he invited all "carpet" of the Committee to an Other Supper. This had the effect to revive all kinds. Even our happy ones, laughed at something good.

The subscriber is desirous obtaining the history of James W. Jeremiah Andrews, Amos Paine, Jonathan Burdett, Thomas Barth, Joseph Ayers, Abner Farnsworth, John B. Jones, I. York John H. Rouben Barth, Edmund Barth, Joseph K. Jones, Moses Barth, Stephen Barth, Jesse Barth, John Barth.

Their descendants will confer a favor by ascertaining the place of their birth, date of birth, marriage and death, anecdotes and such matters as may be of public interest. Their genealogy is desirable. So information can be given to a subscriber town-meeting day, or writing, to Dr. Moses Mason.

N. T. T.

DEATHS OF AMERICANS IN CUBA.—Sometime in December last, ten Americans were killed at Knight Ferry, Cuba, by the caving in of bank of earth where they were engaged in mining. One of them was M. James Palmer of East Boston, a young man twenty-four years of age, who had been on the island but a few days, and entered upon his labor that day he was killed. The other nine were Justin Palmer Britt, of Greenville, Me. He lived two days after the accident.

The Gardiner Bank, of Maine, was chartered in 1814. Since its establishment the Presidency has always remained in the same family. The first President was Major Peter Grant, who succeeded by his son Capt. Samuel C. Grant; the office was next filled by Capt. Wm. I. Grant, another son of the first President; and it has within a few days devolved upon Wm. S. Grant, Esq., son of the second President.

The Bethel Courier: A Home Paper.

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Morning train leaves Bethel for Portland at 10:12 A. M. Returning—arrives from Portland at 4:12 P. M.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.
Every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 1:45 P. M., in the following churches:
First Congregationalist, Rev. Mr. BUCK.
Second, Rev. Mr. GARDNER.
Universalist, Rev. Mr. GAINES.

MEETINGS FOR PRAYER.
Sunday evenings at 6 o'clock, at the vestry.
Bible Class, Tuesday evenings. Prayer Meeting Saturday evenings.

Gould's Academy opened on Tuesday, of this week, with seventy scholars. The prospect is that the number will soon be increased to the limits of the building.

The U. B. Society organized Wednesday afternoon.

President—C. N. Childs, Farmington.

Sec'y—E. Foster, Newry.

Secretary—A. H. Eaton, Readfield.

Treasurer and Librarian—N. T. T.

We have received from Mr. Oliver Goodard, of Harrison, a receipt (with the privilege of use and sale) for making the washing Compound, a grand good article. We have used it, have no hesitation in recommending its use in every family. It can be prepared for 25 cts. per year, in sufficient quantity for the washing of a large family—saves a great deal of rubbing, and is equally good upon all kinds of fabrics. Mr. G. has left with us a few receipts, family rights of which can be had for \$1.00.

Readers will notice in another column the advertisement of Miss Esther S. Wight, Teacher in Painting, Drawing &c. We have not as yet seen any specimens, but have heard her very highly spoken of.

An exchange criticism is a typographical mistake of a letter in our last paper, well brother, be patient with us, and we will set things as "straight as a bow's leg" before long.

Friend Tatchell across the way, always knows when one is hungry. Finding us in this predicament the other evening he invited all the "company" of the Common to an Oyster Supper. This had the effect to revive all hands. Even our Imp. for once, laughed at something good.

The subscriber is desirous of obtaining the history of James Willis, Jeremiah Andrews, Amos Powers, Jonathan Bartlett, Theophilus Bartlett, Joseph Ayers, Abner Farewell, Josiah Bean, Isaac L. York, John Holt, Robert Bartlett, Enoch Bartlett, Joseph Kilgore, Moses Bartlett, Stephen Bartlett, Jesse Dustin, John York.

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Mrs. Brannan's Fate.—The Mysterious disappearance of Mrs. Brannan, the wife of an army officer stationed in Florida, from New York, last summer, has excited a profound interest in many quarters. A slight clue to her fate has perhaps at last been obtained. Mr. J. S. Hall, one of the keepers of the Tip-Top House on Mt. Washington, states in a New York paper, that in August last, as near as he can recollect, a lady, answering generally to the description given of Mrs. Brannan, came on foot to his house, accompanied by two persons, who were dressed in the uniform of British officers. The lady appeared to be very modest and retiring, and was very unwell, having fainted before reaching the house. She was immediately cared for by the servants. Mr. Hall further says:

"The officers were very communicative. They said that they made the acquaintance of the lady at the Glen House, kept by Mr. Thompson, at the foot of the mountain; that she was the wife of an officer of the American army, who was stationed in Florida, and that, of course, as brothers in arms of her husband, they had offered their services to escort her up the mountain. Further, that they had walked up and intended to walk back. The party arrived shortly before three o'clock in the afternoon, and all registered their names, but Mr. Hall does not now remember what they were. He is strongly impressed that the name of the lady was Brannan, or something very like it. This point could be ascertained by reference to his books at home. After the lady had kept her bed for about an hour, the officers directed her to be called. She seemed very weary, melancholy and sick, but sat at dinner with them. They urged her to take some brandy, saying that it would do her good; and after some persuasion she drank a little. They then proposed to go down the mountain, which she appeared to be somewhat surprised at, and very reluctant to do. She complained of a good deal of her sick headache, but the officers insisted that she should go, and at about four o'clock they started to walk back more than five miles to the Glen House. Mr. Hall has never heard of them since.

Mr. Hall describes the officers as "hard looking fellows," and says that the lady was evidently afraid to go with them, but as she did not ask for assistance or protection, Mr. Hall and his partner did not think it best to interfere. This clue, slight as it is, will undoubtedly be fully investigated by the friends of the missing lady.

San Francisco has, every Sunday night, English, French and German theatres in full blast. Probably no other city in the world of 70,000 population could say as much.

BETHEL PRICE CURRENT.

ORDERED WEEKLY FOR THE COCHER.

Flour, 85.50 a 7.75; Beef, 4 and 1-2; Corn, 1.00; Round Hogs, 7 a 8; Rye, 92 a 1.00; Ham, 7 a 9; Sled Wheat, 1.30 a 1.45; Lard, 12 a 14; Oats, 7 a 8; Chickens, 2 a 3; Butter, 15 a 18; Turkeys, 9 a 12; Cheese, 9 a 12; Beans, 1.15 a 1.50; Eggs, 15; Wood, 25 a 50; Apples, 1.50 a 2.00; Potatoes, 25 a 35; Wool, 1.50 a 2.50.

Marriages.

In Shelburne, N. H., Feb. 20, by D. L. Austin, Esq., Mr. Henry L. Stevens of S., to Miss Eliza M. Burgess, of Portland. By the same, Mr. John L. Evans to Miss Annie E. Stevens, both of S.

In Cheshire, 15th ult., Mr. Frank L. Berry, of Norway, to Miss Fanny Smith, of Eastport.

In Lee, 16th ult., Barnabas Davis, Esq., to Miss Hannah L. Knapp.

In Newry, on the 1st ult., by Eliza Bartlett, Esq., Mr. Nahum Frost, to Miss Sarah Bartlett, both of S.

Deaths.

In Newry, 26th ult., David Littlehale, aged 82.

In Orange Springs, Fla., 11th ult., Mary B. wife of Prof. N. G. Clark, of the University of Vermont, aged 32.

Farm For Sale.

SITUATED about four miles from Bethel Hill, and three from Lock's Mills Station. Said Farm contains 100 acres of land suitably divided in tillage, pasture and woodland.

There is a good orchard on said farm of Apples, Peas and Plums, also several varieties of crops.

The Buildings consist of a story-and-half house, barn 40x50, wood-shed, &c.

For further particulars enquire of Jan. N. T. T. at this office, or of U. Y. N. T. T. on the premises.

Bethel, Dec. 24, 1859. 24

ALFRED TWICHELL,

Custom BOOT and SHOE

Manufacturer,

BETHEL HILL, Me.

Special Notices.

Card.

A report is in circulation that I have endeavored to cheat the General Government of 3 cts., by clandestinely enclosing a Letter in a Newspaper, to be sent through the Post Office.

The facts are these: I sent to the Baptist Publication Society for some Tracts; being out of the kind I sent for, they sent some others which I did not want. I sent them back, and told them which kind I would prefer, as they had not those for which I sent at first. This I stated in a few words on a piece of paper, and did it up with the Tracts. It was not folded as a letter, and the bundle was left open on the ends as the law requires in such cases. I forwarded it to the office by a neighbor, and requested him to pay the postage. I heard no more of it till I was informed of the above rumor. Rampant malice has enjoyed another feast in the tortuous accounts which have been given of the above. If she is satisfied I am.

W. PEAVISS.

Bethel, March 1, 1859.

Conference.

There will be held a two days' Religious Conference in the Universalist Church in this village, (Bethel Hill) on Wednesday & Thursday, March 16th and 17th. Several Clergymen from abroad are expected to be present.

Whoever will, let him robe and partake of the Water of Life freely.

A. G. GAINES.

Bethel, March 4, 1859. 24

A FEW BOARDERS

CAN be accommodated with good Board and pleasant Rooms by applying at the Courier Office.

THE QUESTION IS

WHERE can I do the best? and it always comes up in the minds of those who are in want of

GROCERIES.

or any article of necessity, comfort or convenience. This question can be satisfactorily answered at the Store formerly occupied by Freeman, Barker & Co., where can be found the best and largest assortment of

FLOUR

in the country. Also—a constant supply of FRESH MEAT,

and a complete assortment of choice Family Groceries and

CLOTHING.

Passing facilities that cannot be surpassed for the purchase of Flour, enables us to sell at wholesale and retail prices that defy competition.

All articles purchased at this Store warranted to be of the first quality and give perfect satisfaction.

GEO. D. BLAKE, Agt.

MISS ESTHER S. WIGHT!

TEACHER OF

Drawing, Painting, Pen-Work, Ornamental Hair-Work and Fancy Needle-Work.

In the course of two Gray Drawings, (Illustration of Steel Plate Engraving), Scholars are taught to engrave from small designs, to sketch from Nature, both by rule and by practice.

All are respectfully invited to call and examine Specimens at the Glass Rooms, where Lessons will be given during the Spring, Wednesday and Saturday, P. M.

Residence—Mr. Daniel Young's, Broad St. Bethel Hill. 123

THE AMERICAN

WRITING CLASS!

WILL open this, and other places in the vicinity, (if scholars can be obtained.)

TAUGHT BY

C. B. DAVIS & ASSISTANT IS.

TERMS—Practical Penmanship 12 evenings. \$1.00

Tuition payable at the commencement of School.

Scholars find Ink, Penholders and Lights. For further information see bills.

Jan. 21, 1859. 61

KILLING AND CURING!

ANTHRAXINE FOR KILLING FEVER, and PALEST MEDICINES FOR CURING PEOPLE.

For sale by

J. S. ABBOTT.

Bethel Hill, Dec. 17, 1859. 11

COTTON GOODS!

HEAVY BROWN SHEETINGS!

MEDIUM AND LIGHT

FINE BLEACHED AND UN- BLEACHED SHEETINGS.

Cotton Flannels!

Tickings, Drills and Denims.

For Sale cheap for CASH at

KIMBALL'S.

Bethel, Jan. 7, 1859. 11-4

ISLAND POND HOTEL,

Island Pond, Vt.

Through Trains dine here. Way Trains remain over night.

Porters in attendance to convey Baggage to the house FREE OF CHARGE.

Stairs and Covered Passage from Depot to Hotel.

G. G. WATERHOUSE, Proprietor.

THE BEST PLACE

—TO BUY—

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING!!

BOOTS & SHOES,

GROCERIES,

Or in fact anything in the line of a Country

VARIETY STORE, is at

G. & O. H. MASON'S,

Near the Depot,

BETHEL, ME.

Bethel, Dec. 17, 1859. 11

Carpeting

EDWARD H. BURGIN,

Is now Receiving a

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT!

NEW CARPETING,

OIL CLOTHS,

Curtain Goods,

Rugs, Mattings, &c.,

Selected with great care, for the

SPRING TRADE,

Which he offers very low

FOR CASH,

AT THE

Free Street Carpet Warehouse.

Portland, Me.

Chambers over H. J. Libby & Co

Feb. 25, 1859. 4m11

DAVIS & BRADLEY,

General Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR AND CORN,

No. 47 Commercial St.,

(Head Portland Pier.)

Portland, Me.

J. ALLEN DAVIS. ROBERT BRADLEY

COMMERCIAL HOUSE,

CORNER WILLOW AND PINE STREETS,

Opposite the Old Custom House,

Portland, Me.

N. J. DAVIS, Proprietor.

INGERSOLLS'

Eating House!

77 Middle Street,

(Three doors west of Post Office.)

PORTLAND, MAINE.

HUNTER & NIMROD!!

ANIMALS and BIRDS set up in good style, and warranted to keep any length of time in any climate. Skulls of all kinds of Animals of these regions furnished at short notice.

Also—FRESH TROUT sent to order, and constantly on hand.

Parties guided in any part of Oxford County Woods, Fishing or Hunting.

J. G. RICH,

Dec. 30. 11 Letter B, Oxford Co., Me.

Employment

A MONTH and all EXPENSES PAID.

An agent is wanted in every town and county in the United States, to engage in a respectable and easy business, by which the above profits may be actually realized. For further particulars, attend to J. HENRY WARNER, corner of Broom and Mercer Streets, New York City, enclosing one postage stamp. Gm.

Feathers and Matresses!

EDWARD H. BURGIN

MANUFACTURES

Best Hair, Husk and Excelsior

MATRESSES

ALSO—ON HAND

Live Geese

AND

RUSSIA FEATHERS,

At Free Street Carpet Warehouse.

Chambers No. 1 & 2 Free St. Block.

Portland, Me.

Feb. 25, 1859. 4m11

Cheap for Cash.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

adapted to the

COUNTRY TRADE!

Constantly on hand at

KIMBALL'S.

Bethel, Jan. 7, 1859. 11-4

R. A. CHAPMAN,

WOULD respectfully inform his customers

and the public generally, that he has on hand a large and well selected Stock of

Dry Goods!

well adapted to the present season, consisting of

Broadcloths

Cassimeres,

Doeskins,

Satinets,

Alapaccas,

Lyonese.

MUSLIN De LA NES.

VALENCIA PLAIDS,

Ladies' Cloths,

A great variety of PRINTS, Bleached and un-

Bleached Cottons, and Warp Yarns.

Also—a good Stock of

FLOUR!

Of different brands, and a general assortment

of W. I. GOODS, and

GROCERIES,

Crockery and Glass-Ware,

HARDWARE and CUTLERY,

NAILS and GLASS, BOOTS,

SHOES and LEATHER,

Feathers,

Ready-Made Clothing

and CARPETINGS.

Hats, Caps,

—AND—

BUFFALO ROBES!!

All of the above Goods will be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH, or pay down, and persons

coming into the place for the purpose of buying

Goods, are respectfully invited to call and examine his present Stock of Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

R. A. C. wants in exchange for Goods and Cash, 3000 Bushels of Oats, 600 Bushels White Beans, 5 Tons of Pork, 2 Tons of Butter, 2 Tons Dried Apples, Clover Seed, Herds Grass Seed, Cheese, Poultry, and Wool Skins.

Bethel, Dec. 30, 1859. 31

Fifth Year of the Enterprise.

NEW LIST OF GIFTS

FOR 1859.

CATALOGUES FREE TO ALL!!

G. G. EVANS & CO.,

AT THEIR ORIGINAL GIFT BOOKSTORE

No. 15 Cornhill, Boston.

COMMENCE the new year with an enlarged Catalogue,—a greater variety of Gifts,—increased facilities for buying Goods and doing business, and are now prepared to offer greater inducements to Book buyers than ever before.

Time has proved that the Gift system is permanent. EVANS & CO. are determined to prove that their establishment is conducted under that system in a more liberal and impartial manner than any other. Having lived down almost all opposition, and having the legitimacy of their plan of operation acknowledged from Maine to California, they can afford to be generous. Try them and judge for yourself.

Schedule of Gifts!

Patent English Lever Gold Watches, \$100.00

Patent Anchor Gold Watches, 50.00

Ladies' 18 carat case Gold Watches, 50.00

Ladies' 18 carat case Gold Watches, 30.00

Gents' Silver Lever Watches, 25.00

Gents' Silver Lever Watches, 15.00

Gents' Silver Lever Watches, 12.00

Parlor Time Pieces, new pattern, 12.00

Parlor Time Pieces, from 8.00 to 10.00

Gents' Gold Vest Chains, 1.00 to 1.50

Gents' Heavy Plated Vest Chains, 1.00 to 1.50

Ladies' Gold Chains, 5.00 to 10.00

Misses' Gold Chains, 3.00 to 5.00

Ladies' Gold Spring Lockets, 6.00 to 10.00

Ladies' Gold Snap Lockets, 3.00 to 6.00

Misses' Gold Lockets, 1.00 to 3.00

Ladies' Lever Sets, (Pin & Ear) from 15.00

HISTORY OF GILEAD.

BY DEB. GEORGE W. CHAPMAN.

MR. EDITOR:—I have been pleased to see your valuable paper articles written by Dr. True, giving a description of Bethel, its first settlement, its growth, beauty, prosperity &c. in his usual happy style of writing. Believing that it would be acceptable to you, and most of your readers, for me to follow his example, and give a description of Gilead, the town adjoining, and where I have passed most of my days, I shall make the attempt.

Being one of the first settlers in Gilead, and an inhabitant there for many years; and chosen one of the Selectmen, and an Assessor for several years in succession; it being my duty with others to examine, survey, and appraise its entire premises, is my only apology for attempting a description of it.

First, Gilead has some very prominent features, viz: its landscape, or scenery, which is seen by travellers miles before they reach its precincts. Tumble down Dick, that grand rocky structure, whose height claims affinity with the clouds, and its front low skirts even the rivers, brink: while its rear is firmly connected with the grand chain of mountains, which border our north line from east to west, with the silvery line of waters of the Androscoggin flowing down at our feet with a resistless force. But I forbear any further comment on this phenomenon of nature, and leave it to the Artist to portray its beauty and deliver it to the world.

I now hasten to give you a more graphic description of our town as a farming spot. We are situated on the great Androscoggin river, and bounded as follows: On the east by Bethel, on the west by Shelburne, N. H. on the north by Riley, on the south by Mason and Backfield. According to our grant we measure six miles long and three broad. By this survey, Gilead contains eleven thousand five hundred and twenty acres. It is divided by the Androscoggin river in about equal parts from west to east, by which means we have our large, rich intervals. The original proprietors laid out this land in ranges of lots, one hundred rods wide each, on the river, with the customary allowance for the sag of chain. By this division we number eighteen ranges on the north side of the river, the dividing lines running north twelve degrees, west to the town line. On the south side we number nineteen ranges, the dividing line running from the river south, twelve degrees east to the town line. Each range, on an average, contains from 300 to 350 acres, more or less, as the river may favor or clip by its course. These ranges generally partake more or less of the river intervals, also of the plain land adjoining: excellent for tillage. The remainder of these ranges lie back on the high lands, which is first rate for grazing. It will be seen at once that each of these ranges furnish a foundation for an excellent farm. Each settler purchased a full range and they need no chemical, process to analyze the growing properties of these soils. All they need, is to be properly dressed and cultivated, with the smiles of Providence, to insure a bountiful crop. I have raised on the same spot, corn, rye, wheat, oats and potatoes with equal success. Fruit trees grow remarkably well, when they have proper attention. In fine, all kinds of fruits, grains and plants may be grown in Gilead that can be grown in Oxford County, for this reason, that there is a variety of soil between the river and the mountain base, admirably adapted to the growth of different fruits and plants.

It is beautifully described in scriptural language "a land of hills and valleys, of brooks and fountains of waters" even "the upper and nether springs." This is emphatically true of Gilead minor. Professor Brown in his Bible Dictionary, gives a description of ancient Gilead thus: "A noted ridge of mountains stretching almost all the way from Lebanon to the country of Moab, at some distance eastward from Jordan." The mountains of Gilead proper, were noted for their spices, balm and myrrh: this is more than we can claim of Gilead minor; yet we have an excellent substitute. Our sugar maples, mountain cranberries, and large blue berries,

Our blueberry sauce, and cranberry tart, And these I make honey two, Refresh the taste, rejoice the heart, And lose of appetite never.

Our high cranberry jelly and maple honey we found by experience were very refreshing to our late sick sufferer. Those of my readers who are best acquainted with Gilead, will think I am only describing the north side of the river. But the description which has been given, with a slight variation will equally apply to the south side. As to mountains, hills, valleys, brooks, springs and soils, they are much the same. As it respects privileges, as a whole, they are superior, as is every town lying upon the south side of the great Androscoggin, from its source to its terminus.

From this consideration, that our main business is transacted on the south side of the river, more so since the Grand Trunk has stretched its line on the south side, through the town.

Hark! hark! the iron horse with power and speed Comes rattling o'er the spindling line; Freight with articles we need, To leave by way, exact on time. This mighty steed with dashing beauty, Employs to face the mass along: A great variety it hath— To leave by way, when passing on.

So you see, sir, we have our market brought to us, instead of being obliged to go after it. A mighty contrast between the present and the past, when we had to wallow through the snow banks, and ascend those massy hills, which lay between our homes and distant markets. Then our minor fruits, such as apples, potatoes &c., were of but little value, except what was needed for domestic use; now they are staple articles, ready cash on delivery at our R. R. Stations, at a great advance above our former prices. You see by this, that Gilead is a place of business and privileges. And here I would close with a dash of the muse.

Hold on, dear reader, hear me through, I'll soon release you of your pain, The sugar maple, let me tell you, Surpassing China's sugar cane, Great Androscoggin flowing down With liquid silver at our feet, Its banks with thickets bristling round, In great abundance all complete.

The cranberry bushes too, we claim, And to the luscious cranberry tree, The mountain cranberry not the same, A rarer specimen you see.

Our mossy hills and mountain rocks, And waving forests ever green, On the heights of which our blueberry spots, Surpassing any ever I've seen,

Our cattle to the mountain base, Are drawn to take their summer fare; The prancing colts for work or race, Is trotted off to pasture there.

And when to mountain hills we steer, To gather blueberries as you know, We look on Bethel village near, With all its beauty far below.

[Our distant readers are reminded that Deb. Chapman, is now 78 years old and has been totally blind for several years.—Ed.]

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—Tuesday evening, as Mr. Pease, of Cornish, was riding alone in his sleigh between Bar Mills and Moderation, he was suddenly seized by some one from behind who choked him and took from his pocket \$150. Mr. Pease gave the alarm and the robber was pursued and caught under a bridge near by and the money recovered. He proved to be a young man from Fryburg, by the name of Geo. Durgin. He has been committed to Alfred jail.

A member of an engine company, in Haverhill, Mass., having just got married, the "boys" got out their "tub," placed it in front of his chamber, after the couple had retired for the night, and began to "break down" with such force that a pane of glass was broken, and the train thoroughly drenched with the freezing fluid.—Rather a cool joke.

Agricultural.

BETHEL FARMERS' CLUB.

Met at Dr. J. Fanning's, Friday evening, Feb. 25, 1859.

Subject for discussion: Manures.

The President. There is one fact in reference to barn cellars. Stable manure in a cellar, is worse than out of doors, unless mixed with other substances. The Sec. of the Board of Agriculture, estimated that 50 per cent of manures in this State, is lost. Put fifteen head of cattle in your stalls, and a constant stream is running through the floor. Absorbents necessary.

W. Haywood. Circumstances regulate the use of green, or fermented manure. To use manure in the hill I would have it well composted. To plow under would use it in a green state. Believe it should be mixed with the soil rather than plowed under.

Frances Barker. Best manure for corn, from hogs and horses mixed together. I cannot raise corn on new manure.

Capt. S. H. Chapman. I want a barn cellar so arranged that manures of different kinds shall be thoroughly mixed.

Levi Twitchell. Unless you use muck, better to use manure the first year. I cart out into piles and pitch it over twice before using it. Did this just as soon as it began to ferment. I think the manure is warmed and promotes the germination of seed.

T. H. Chapman. Used muck from swamps in fall in garden, but would prefer composting it. Used plaster on broke-up ground for oats.

Dea. L. Grover. I use muck.—This is of different qualities. When dug deepest the best. I have offered \$100 for an acre of log for the muck, and been refused. I haul it a mile and a half; consider a load of it in my yard worth one dollar. Make my hogs work over the muck and other matter; consider it left, even if but for a little while. Would put a load of muck into stable manure every fortnight. Danger of letting hogs run where manure ferments too much. They lose the use of their legs. Some of my best muck when dry is of a slate color, but in one day it will have a black, rich looking color.

Dea. George Chapman. Am opposed to ploughing in manure very deep; would use top dressing for potatoes. Think lime and ashes good for potatoes.

The Club adjourned to meet at Dea. L. Grover's, Friday eve., March 4th. Subject for discussion: the cultivation of Indian corn. Our host furnished a new, and excellent variety of apples and some cat them though as they were not their own. The ladies assembled in the parlor in goodly numbers and earnestly discussed matters in general and particular.

ODDS AND ENDS.—No. 1.

No. 999, ONEY OVER ST. BAYON, J. 24 MONTG, 12th, 1859.

DEAR COURIER:—

When my eye first beheld your spicy sheet, bailing from the land of snow and pretty girls, I resolved to write you a letter right off; and a fortnight ago I did so, but now have good reasons for believing you never received it, as I found it this morning in my pocket. Therefore as it had been written two weeks it was too weak to send, and my indignation being kindled I consigned my letter to the female, (instead of the mail,) to kindle a fire with; she at first did not see fit to make light of so grave a subject, but I assured her the letter was an incendiary document and she let it go. And now being confined to my attic room, by a rheumatic complaint, as I sit ruminating on ramblers in general, and Athenian manners and customs in particular, my room-mate reminds me that I promised to bore the Courier with an epistle, this augurs well for a commencement. If he calls me a bore now, I shall be a perfect artesian well before I stop. Chum is a high private in the M. V. M., and aspires to general distinction in the military

line, and was in a brown study when I asked him what to write about? He heard the last words, and jumping up bellowed "right about face!" Now Mr. Editor, as an Oxford Bear I appeal to you if such a proposition is not too barefaced to be endured. I have not got cheek enough to write right on such a subject—I declined—"try the weather then," said he.—That is even a cooler proposition than the other, what a subject. We have had any quantity of cold snaps, but Schindam Schnapps are very high—thermometers are so low now that the poorest man can buy one. I found mine in the cellar this morning and I know a great many sellers that have them very low, for cash. When chum pulled his boot off last night, he found nearly a pint of mercury in it and frozen hard, to boot. We have got good sleighing here now for a wonder. Fast boys are slaying fast horses to an alarming extent, and strange to relate, the owners let them. They are apt to get set up when they drive out of town, consequently they get upset before they get home. In the summer the sleigh runners are apt to rust, but when snow falls in the winter they are bound to brighten. The Boston Belles have considerable brass and any quantity of ring(s) and display themselves in bows and ribbons, in hoops their beaux will take them out sleighing. Skating also, is a great institution, I will tell you about it in my next letter.

Yours, happy and fat,
ANDREW SCOGGIN, of Bethel.

ENIGMA.
I am composed of 28 letters.
My 7 21 9 15 26 is indispensable with "some ladies".
My 1 25 18 3 20 13 is important to all.
My 5 12 24 11 is a substance of heat.
My 28 2 4 is an animal.
My 17 11 10 16 is used in building.
My 22 23 9 19 27 8 is used in Indian warfare.
My 6 is one of the first six letters of the Alphabet.
My whole is a maxim relating to "Courier's" affairs.
Bethel, Feb. 25, 1859.

JUVENUS.
ANSWER TO ENIGMA No. 11.—
Subscribe for the Bethel Courier.—
Answered by A. L. T., Bethel; S. D. B., Albany, Me.; E. R. B., Locke's Mills, Me.; Eva, Lancaster, N. H.

S. H. CHAPMAN,
Horse Shoer & Farrier.
WOULD inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to do all kinds of the above work in the neatest manner. Forge Cold constantly on hand and for sale.

BRANDING by the day or week on reasonable terms.
Horses and Carriages to let.
Bethel Hill, Dec. 17, 1859.

ROOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS,
MEN'S, BOYS' & YOUTHS'
THICK BOOTS.
MEN'S FINE CALF BOOTS.
" CONGRESS BOOTS.
LADIES' CONGRESS BOOTS,
" GAITER BOOTS,
" KID and Grain SHOES.
MISSSES' SHOES and BOOTEES,
CHILDRENS' SHOES.

For Sale at KIMBALL'S.
BETHEL, Jan. 7, 1859. tf-4

W. J. HAYDEN & CO.,
Dealers in
STOVES, FIRE FRAMES, LEAD PIPE,
SHEET LEAD, PUMPS,
Ploughs, Farming Tools,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
TIN WARE, &c. &c.

Job Work done to Order.
Bethel Hill, Dec. 24, 1858. 2tf

BRASS CLOCKS,
OF ALL KINDS;
120—a good assortment of SILVER and PLATED SPOONS, FORKS, and
BUTTER KNIVES,
Constantly on hand and for sale low, by
JOHN S. ABBOTT.
Bethel Hill, Dec. 17, 1858. 1tf

Gold and Silver
SPECTACLES,
To suit all ages, together with a good assortment of useful and FANCY GOODS, such as
WALLETS,
PORT MONIES,
SCISSORS,
HAIR BRUSHES,
TOYS,
RAZORS,
PERFUMERY,
HAIR OIL,
POCKET KNIVES,
Gold and Steel PENS, Violin Strings, and a great many other goods not specified here.
JOHN S. ABBOTT.
Bethel Hill, Dec. 17, 1858. 1tf

Woolen Goods,
BROAD CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
DOESKINS, TWEEDS, AND
SATINETTS.
Also—A Good Assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
For Sale at KIMBALL'S.
BETHEL, Jan. 7, 1859. tf-4

ALFRED TWICHELL,
Custom BOOT and SHOE
Manufacturer,
BETHEL HILL, Me.

CAHOON'S
PATENT
BROADCAST SEED SOWER
FOR SOWING
Wheat, Oats, Barley,
Grass-Seed, &c.
Patented Sept. 1st, 1857. Re-issued May 11th, 1858.
PATENTED IN EUROPE.

The Horse Power Machine,
At the walking gait of a horse, sows from ten to fifteen acres per hour.

The Hand Machine,
At the walking gait of a man, sows from four to eight acres per hour.

These machines are substantially built, and do the work in a very superior manner, as numerous certificates from those who have used them fully prove.

They have taken the 1st Prizes at the UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL FAIR, held at Richmond, Va., 1858.
Also, at Missouri State Fair, in a Grand trial of Broadcast Seed Sowers, held at St. Louis, Mo., 1858. Kentucky State Fair, held at Louisville, Ky., 1858, "with high commendation of the committee." Michigan State Fair, held at Detroit, 1858. Pennsylvania State Fair, held at Pittsburg, 1858. Maine State Fair, held at Augusta, 1858; and at numerous other State and County Fairs.

CHAS. W. CAHOON,
Corresponding Agent.
Office—York Street—Opposite Portland Sugar House.
PORTLAND, Maine.

Circulars containing certificates from Farmers who have used the Machines, forwarded on application as above.
Jan. 7, 1859. 4tf

Gold and Silver
SPECTACLES,
To suit all ages, together with a good assortment of useful and FANCY GOODS, such as
WALLETS,
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JOHN S. ABBOTT.
Bethel Hill, Dec. 17, 1858. 1tf

WOOLEN GOODS,
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These machines are substantially built, and do the work in a very superior manner, as numerous certificates from those who have used them fully prove.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!
WE HAVE ON HAND AND
offer for sale at
Lowest Prices,
quality considered, as follows:—

539 Half Chests Oolong TEAS.
60 " " Souchong "
30 " " Gunpowder "
50 " " Young Hyson

213 boxes "E. Chapman," "I. Hamilton," "World's Fair," "Pine Tree," "Jewel of Ophir," "Iris," "Virginia Belle," "Pride of Union," and "Cornucopia"

TOBACCO.
93 bags Rio, Santos and Java

COFFEE.
85 barrels Refined SUGARS.
10 lbs. New Crop, New Orleans

SUGAR.
45 bbls. New Crop, New Orleans

MOLASSES.
23 bbls. Cienfuegos do.
390 whole, half and quarter boxes

RAISINS.
70 bbls. Mess and Clear PORK
5 tierces LARD.

3000 casks NAILS.
1800 lbs. No. 1 Dutch Gov't and
Peanut NUTMEGS.

29 tierces Carolina RICE.
900 boxes Sealed and No. one

HERRING.
15,000 lbs. POLLOCK FISH.
20,000 lbs. COD

300 boxes GLASS.
200 coils different sized Manilla

CORDAGE.
100 doz. PAIRS; 50 nests TUBS.
3s and 8s, together with all the Goods going to make up a stock of GROCERIES for the Country Trade.

Davis, Twitchell & Chapman,
85 Commercial St.,
(Nearly opposite head of Custom House Wharf)
PORTLAND, ME.
Jan. 7, 1859. 3m1

Stage Notice.
MAIL STAGE will leave Bethel Tuesday & Fridays, at 8 o'clock, A. M., for Newry, North Newry, Grafton, Letter B, and Errol. N. H. arriving at Errol at 6 P. M.
Returning—Leave Errol on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 6 A. M., for Bethel, arriving in season for up and down trains.
N. B. All express orders will receive prompt attention. A. M. MERRILL, Proprietor.
Bethel, Dec. 17, 1858. 1yl

D. P. YOUNG,
DEALER IN
Boots & Shoes,
WOULD call the attention of his friends and the public to his Winter Stock.
His Goods are selected with great care, and he feels confident that he can furnish an Article equal to any in this section.
He also manufactures to measure, Women's, Misses' and Children's Shoes.
Store in Chapman's Block.
Bethel Hill, Dec. 17, 1858. 1yl

OYSTERS served up in every style by
ALFRED TWICHELL.
Bethel Hill, Me.

Business Cards.
N. T. TRUE,
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BETHEL HILL, ME.
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Dry Goods,
Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c.
Ready-Made Clothing,
BETHEL HILL, ME.
BURNHAM & MEAD,
FARMACUTISTS OF
CARRIAGES and SLEIGHS
BETHEL HILL, ME.
REPAIRING and PAINTING
BETHEL HILL, ME.
BETHEL HOUSE,
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ESTD COFFINS manufactured to order.
M. MASON & CO.,
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JOHN S. ABBOTT,
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